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NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM. MOUNTAIN SHADOW LAKE DAM (NDI --ETC(U))
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PENNSYLVANIA

MOUNTAIN SHADOW LAKE DAM

NDI ID NO. PA-00244 DER ID NO. 19-80

MESSRS. CORRADINI AND BUCHANAN

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM



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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

Baltimore District, Corps of Engineers
Baltimore, Maryland 21203

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SUSQUEHANNA RIVER BASIN

BEAVER RUN, COLUMBIA COUNTY

PENNSYLVANIA	1	
National Dam	Inspection	Program

MOUNTAIN SHADOW LAKE DAM (NDI ID PA 80244 DER ID 19-75)

Euguehanna River Busin, Ecaver Run, Columbia County Pennsylvania

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT

NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

Prepared by:

12/12

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY Baltimore District, Corps of Engineers Baltimore, Maryland 21203

FEB. 2017 1981

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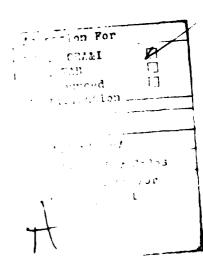
PREFACE

This report is prepared under guidance contained in the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, for Phase I investigations. Copies of these guidelines may be obtained from the Office of Chief of Engineers, Washington, D. C. 20314. The purpose of a Phase I investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspections. Detailed investigation and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I investigation; however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

In reviewing this report, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team.

It is important to note that the condition of a dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through frequent inspections can unsafe conditions be detected and only through continued care and maintenance can these conditions be prevented or corrected.

Phase I inspections are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established guidelines, the spillway design flood is based on the estimated "Probable Maximum Flood" for the region (greatest reasonably possible storm runoff), or fractions thereof. The spillway design flood provides a measure of relative spillway capacity and serves as an aid in determining the need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general condition, and the downstream damage potential.



NDI ID No. PA-00244, DEK ID No. 19-75

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT

NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

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PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

BRIEF ASSESSMENT OF GENERAL CONDITION AND RECOMMENDED ACTION

NAME OF DAM: Mountain Shadow Lake Dam

NDI ID No. PA 00244 DER ID No. 19-80

SIZE: Small (20 feet high; 360 acre-feet)

HAZARD CLASSIFICATION: High

OWNER: Messrs. Corrading and Buchanan

Bloomsburg, PA

STATE LOCATED: Pennsylvania

COUNTY LOCATED: Columbia County

STREAM: Beaver Run

DATE OF INSPECTION: 2 December 1980

The visual inspection and review of available design and construction data indicate that Mountain Shadow Lake Dam is in fair condition. The primary deficiency noted during the inspection was the lack of rock protection for the spillway discharge channel along the downstream toe of the embankment.

The hydrologic and hydraulic computation indicate that the combination of reservoir storage and spillway discharge capacity will pass 92% of the PMF prior to overtopping the embankment. Therefore, the spillway for Mountain Shadow Lake Dam is considered to be adequate.

It is recommended that the following actions be taken by the owner without delay: are littled.

MOUNTAIN SHADOW LAKE DAM

- 1. Restore the riprap in the spillway discharge channel to design condition.
- 2. Assure that the outlet gate control is properly secured against tampering by unauthorized personnel.
- 3. Develop a formal surveillance and downstream emergency warning system for use during periods of high or prolonged precipitation.
- 4. Prepare an operation and maintenance manual or plan for use as a guide in the operation of the dam during normal and emergency conditions.
- 5. Develop a schedule for regular inspection and routine maintenance of the dam and appurtenances.

APPROVED BY:

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY BALTIMORE DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS

DATE:

JAMES W. PECK

Colonel, Corps of Engineers

District Engineer



MOUNTAIN SHADOW LAKE DAM

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT

NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

MOUNTAIN SHADOW LAKE DAM

NDI ID No. PA 00244 DER ID No. 19-80

SECTION 1

PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 General.

- a. Authority. The Dam Inspection Act, Public Law 92-367, authorized the Secretary of the Army, through the Corps of Engineers, to initiate a program of inspection of non-Federal dams throughout the United States.
- b. Purpose. The purpose of this inspection is to determine if the dam constitutes a hazard to human life and property.

1.2 Description of Project.

a. Description of Dam and Appurtenances. Mountain Shadow Lake Dam is an earthfill structure approximately 20 feet high and 550 feet in length, including spillway. The facility is provided with an uncontrolled, rectangular shaped, concrete spillway located near the left abutment. The spillway has an ogee weir 100 feet in length with a low flow notch 20 feet long and 2 feet deep. The low flow notch is equipped with wooden flashboards (See page C-3), photograph Appen ix C).

The outlet works consist of a 24-inch diameter reinforced concrete pipe which discharges at the downstream toe of the embankment near the original stream bed. Flow through this conduit is controlled by a manually operated sluice gate. The gate operating mechanism is located at the crest of the dam.

- b. Location. Beaver Township, Columbia County
 U.S.G.S. Quadrangle Waynert, Pa.
 Latitude: 40° 58', Longitude: 76° 14.9',
 Ref. Appendix E, Plates U.A.II.
- c. Size Classification: Small: Height "Ownet, Storage 360 a refeet.

- d. Hazard Classification: High (Ref. Section 3.1.e.).
- e. Ownership: Mr. Damyon Corradini and Dr. Buchanan, R.D. 3, Bloomsburg, Pa. 17815.
 - f. Purpose: Recreation.
- g. Design and Construction History. The existing dam was constructed in 1977 overtop an older dam (Pine Lake Dam) which had been built around 1954 without the required permit from the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources (PennDER).

The embankment of the older dam was tested for stability and suitability of material as part of the design of the new structure.

The design of the new embankment and spillway was performed by Ebeco Associates, Inc., Hazleton, Pa. Refer to Appendix E, for details.

The new facility was built by National Recreational Communities, Inc., but is currently being purchased by Mr. Damyon Corradini and Dr. Buchanan, both of whom own property adjacent to the lake.

h. Normal Operating Procedures. There are no formal operating procedures for the dam at the present time. It was reported by one of the prospective owners that a local resident had recently opened the outlet gate to its maximum extent, causing an almost total drawdown of the lake before the gate was closed.

Under normal conditions water flows over the spillway and through the outlet works, which is usually left partially open. The PennDER permit for this dam requires a minimum discharge of 0.4 cfs be maintained at all times. Excess inflow passes over the spillway.

1.3 Pertinent Data.

a. Drainage Area (square miles).

From files:	2.68
Computed for this report:	2.60
Use:	2.60

b. Discharge at Damsite (cubic feet per second).

Maximum known flood	unknown
Outlet works @ normal pool (E1. 942.0)	40
Outlet works with maximum pool (E1. 947.0)	53
Spillway with maximum pool (El. 947.0)	4,250

c.	Elevations	(feet abo	ve msl.).

948.0
947.0
942.0
942.0
933.2
927.0

d. Reservoir Length (miles).

Spillway crest (El. 942.0)	1.0
Maximum pool (El. 947.0)	1.5

e. Storage (acre-feet).

Spillway crest (El. 942.0)	107.0
Maximum pool (El. 947.0)	360.0

f. Reservoir Surface (acres).

Spillway crest (El. 942.0)	35.0
Maximum pool (El. 947.0)	66.0

g. Dam.

NOTE: Refer to Plates in Appendix E for plan, sections and details.

<u>Type</u> :	Earthfill
Length:	550 feet
Height:	20 feet
Top Width:	17 feet

Side Slopes:

Upstream	1V on 2H
Downstream	1V on 3H except 1V on
	1.7H near right
,	abutment

Zoning:	None
ZONINY:	none

Cut-off:	Unknown
Cul-Oii.	Unknown

Grout Curtain: Unknown

h. Outlet Works.

Type: One 24-inch dia. RCPP

Length: 92 feet

Closure: Sluice gate at upstream side of

crest

Access: Manhole on crest

i. Spillway.

Type: Concrete ogee weir

Length of Weir: 100.0 feet

Low Flow Notch w/ Flashboards: 2' deep x 20' long in

center of weir

Crest Elevation: 942.0 feet (ogeecrest)

Approach Channel: Reservoir

Downstream Channel: Concrete slab with riprap downstream

ENGINEERING DATA

2.1 <u>Design</u>. A reasonably complete file of design data is available for Mountain Shadow Lake dam. Data available includes detailed plans and specifications, a report of soils investigation, and a hydrology report.

In addition, the PennDER files include a construction permit application report which contains a brief description and summary of the design aspects of the new facility.

No design data was found to exist for the old dam which had been located at this site.

The new structure appears to have been constructed as designed, with the exception of some minor changes to the outlet structure.

2.2 Construction. Construction data consists of inspection reports by PennDER personnel during and immediately following construction of the new dam and various related correspondence.

This information indicated that no major problems were encountered during construction and the dam was built in general accordance with the original design approved by PennDER.

2.3 Operation. No formal records of operation and maintenance are known to exist, other than a report by PennDER in June 1978 that the flashboards had failed as designed during a storm event the previous spring, and were subsequently replaced. It was noted during the recent inspection that Mr. Corradini had added some additional support to the flashboards, such that they may not function as originally intended.

2.4 Evaluation.

- a. Availability. The available information for the existing dam consisted of a fairly complete set of design details including plans, specifications, hydrology report, soils investigation report, and PennDER permit records.
- b. Adequacy. The available data, including that collected during the recent detailed visual inspection, are considered to be adequate to make a reasonable assessment of the dam.

VISUAL INSPECTION

3.1 Observations.

a. General. The overall condition of the dam and appurtenances is fair. The primary deficiency is the recent removal of riprap from the spillway discharge channel which flows along the toe of the dam. This and some minor deficiencies are described briefly below. The visual inspection checklist and field sketch are provided in Appendix A of this report. Photographs taken during the inspection are reproduced in Appendix C.

The reservoir pool was approximatel, 0.5 feet below the spillway crest at the time of the inspection which was performed on 2 December 1980. Present during the inspection were one of the prospective owners and a representative of Ebeco Associates, designers of the new dam.

- b. Embankment. The horizontal alignment of the dam is good and no signs of cracking or sloughing were observed. The maximum variation in the vertical alignment of the crest is approximately 0.8 feet with the low point located adjacent to the right spillway wall. The crest, downstream slope and the upper portion of the upstream slope are covered with grass and some weeds. The portion of the upstream slope below elevation 944.5 right of the spillway is protected with 18-24 inch rock in good condition. Some minor damage has been done to the crest and downstream face by a small bulldozer. Several trees ranging in size from 2 inches to 3 feet in diameter are growing at the downstream toe near the right abutment. Clear seepage estimated at 1 gpm is exiting from the hillside of the right abutment approximately 20 feet downstream of dam. The source is believed to be a spring as there is a spring approximately 50 feet away that is flowing at about 3 gpm.
- c. Appurtenant Structures. The location of the spillway and outlet works are shown on the field sketch in Appendix A. The approach to the spillway is the reservoir and is clear. The spillway consists of a 100 foot long concrete ogee section with concrete walls extending 17 feet upstream and 23 feet downstream of the weir to protect the embankment. In the center of the weir is a 2 foot deep by 20 foot long notch equipped with wooden flashboards supported by five, one inch inside diameter pipes. The first 23 feet downstream of the weir is paved with concrete. The next 30-40 feet is lined with 18 to 24 inch rock. At the end of this rock the discharge channel bends sharply to the right, then narrows and runs along the toe of dam. All the original rock protection along the toe of dam has recently been bulldozed off the right bank and bottom of this channel and pushed against the left bank in an attempt to prevent additional erosion of the left bank. This work was reportedly done without the knowledge or consent of the owner. In the present condition, large spillway flows could erode the channel bottom and toe of the dam. This poses a hazard to the stability and safety of the dam. All concrete within the spillway area is in good condition with only minor surface cracking of the right spillway wall.

The outlet works consists of a 24-inch diameter reinforced concrete pressure conduit through the dam with a concrete headwall at the discharge end. The intake structure was not observed but the plans show it as a headwall equipped with a trash rack. Flow through the conduit is controlled by a sluice gate which is housed in a manhole that is located in line with the upstream side of the dam crest. The control for the gate is on top of the manhole and is not locked or secured in any manner. The interior of the manhole and the gate proper were not observed. Flow from the outlet drops approximately 8 feet over 12-15 inch riprap at a near vertical slope to the original streambed. The outlet structure and conduit are in good condition.

- d. Reservoir Area. The reservoir slopes are moderate and partially wooded. These slopes appear stable with no potential for a massive slide. There is no residential development along the shoreline, although one house is located adjacent to the left abutment.
- e. Downstream Channel. One dwelling is located about 100 feet from the toe of the dam. The first floor level is approximately 10 feet below the top of dam. The roadway which passes just upstream of this house crosses Beaver Run with a 5 foot high by 18.5 feet wide box culvert. The channel has flat side slopes for approximately one mile. The channel then becomes confined with steep side slopes and crosses Pa. Route 339 in the Village of Shumans approximately 3.4 miles downstream of the dam. Several houses are adjacent to the stream at this point. Beaver Run then flows into Catawissa Creek 0.4 miles further downstream. The downstream development is shown on Plate II in Appendix E. Downstream conditions warrant a high hazard classification for this dam.
- 3.2 Evaluation. The overall visual evaluation of this facility indicates that the dam and its appurtenances are in fair condition. The primary concern is the fact that the rock protection in the spillway discharge channel adjacent to the toe of the dam has been displaced. High spillway flows could erode the channel and toe of the dam and create a hazard to the safety of the dam. In addition, the control for the outlet works sluice gate should be secured in some manner to prevent unauthorized use.

OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES

- 4.1 Normal Operating Procedure. The lake is maintained at spillway crest, elevation 942.0, with excess inflow discharging into Beaver Run. The 24 inch concrete conduit pipe is normally left partially open to maintain the minimum discharge of 0.4 c.f.s. In the center of the 100 foot ogee spillway, a 20 foot long section of wooden flashboards are laid horizontally, to a height of 2 feet. The top of the wooden flashboards is even with the ogee spillway crest. The new owner has strengthened the structure and it is doubtful if this structure would fail as designed. No formal operations manual exists.
- 4.2 Maintenance of Dam. The condition of the dam as observed by the inspection team was fair. Basic maintenance such as keeping the spillway clear, and repairing minor flood damage is performed by the owner. No formal maintenance manual exists.
- 4.3 Maintenance of Operating Facilities. The valve on the outlet works is operated on an irregular basis. Other maintenance is performed when required.
- 4.4 Warning System. No formal warning system exists.
- 4.5 Evaluation. Maintenance of the facility appears to be insufficient at this time. Formal operation and maintenance manuals are recommended to ensure that all needed maintenance is identified and performed regularly. In addition, a formal warning system for the protection of downstream inhabitants should be developed. Included in the plan should be provision for around-the-clock surveillance of the facility during periods of unusually heavy precipitation.

HYDRAULICS & HYDROLOGY

- 5.1 <u>Design Data</u>. A hydrologic study is available for Mountain Shadow Lake Dam which includes unit hydrographs and flood hydrograph development. Detailed plans are available for the spillway and outlet works and were reviewed for this report.
- 5.2 Experience Data. Records of reservoir levels and/or spillway discharges are not available. The dam was completed in 1977 and no major flooding at this facility has been experienced. Discussion with the present owner indicated that in January 1978 the flashboard structure did fail as designed. The flashboard structure has subsequently been strengthened with two additional pins, and may not operate as intended. No other records of performance are available.
- 5.3 Visual Observations. On the date of the inspection, two conditions were observed that may prevent the facility from operating during a flood event as designed. As mentioned, the spillway flashboards have been strengthened and may not operate as intended during minor flood events. However during a major flood this would be of no significance and could be considered negligible. Secondly and more important, the spillway exit channel has been stripped of rock protection. The rock in the downstream channel has been moved toward the left channel bank. See field sketch provided in Appendix A for location of the spillway outlet channel and its relationship to the embankment. Large spillway flows may create scouring in the unprotected portion of the outlet channel and cause erosion to the embankment toe.
- 5.4 Method of Analysis. The facility has been analyzed in accordance with procedures and guidelines established by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Baltimore District, for Phase I hydrologic and hydraulic evaluations. This analysis has been performed using a modified version of the HEC-1 program developed by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Hydrologic Engineering Center, Davis, California. Capabilities of the program are briefly outlined in the preface contained in Appendix D.

5.5 Summary of Analysis.

- a. <u>Spillway Design Flood (SDF)</u>. In accordance with the procedures and guidelines contained in the National Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams for Phase I Investigations, the SDF for Mountain Shadow Lake ranges between the 1/2 Probable Maximum Flood (PMF) and the full PMF. This classification is based on the relative size of the dam (small), and the potential hazard of dam failure to downstream development (high). Due to the small storage (less than 400 acre-feet) and small height (approximately 20 feet) the SDF selected was 1/2 PMF.
- b. Results of the Analysis. Mountain Shadow Lake was evaluated under near normal operating conditions. The starting lake elevation was set at spillway crest, elevation 942.0. For this study, the flashboards were assumed not to fail and the 24" outlet conduit was assumed obstructed, thereby providing a conservative discharge rating. The dam currently has 5 feet of freeboard, from ogee crest to low point of top of dam.

Spillway Capacity at top of dam Peak PMF Inflow 4250 cfs 5020 cfs

From the above, it can be concluded that a potential for overtopping does exist. The overtopping analysis (using HEC-1DB) indicates that the discharge/storage capacity of Mountain Shadow Lake Dam is 92% of the PMF. Since the SDF for this dam is the 1/2 PMF, Mountain Shadow Lake Dam will perform adequately at the SDF. No Breach Analysis is required.

5.6 Spillway Adequacy. Under existing conditions Mountain Shadow Lake Dam can accommodate 92% of the PMF. Since the SDF for this dam is the 1/2 PMF, the spillway is considered adequate.

STRUCTURAL STABILITY

6.1 Evaluation of Structural Stability.

a. Visual Observations.

- (1) Embankment. Visual observations of Mountain Shadow Lake Dam indicate that the dam and appurtenances are in fair condition. The dam is constructed of random earth. The surface soil is visually classified as a silt, ML. It has a 17 foot crest, an upstream slope 2H:1V, and a downstream slope of 3H: IV varying to 1.7 H: IV right of the outlet structure. The upstream face of the embankment to the right of the spillway has been riprapped with 18-24 inch rock to a height 2.5 feet above the spillway weir elevation. Clear seepage estimated at 1 gpm is exiting from the hillside approximately 20 feet downstream of the right abutment. This seepage is believed to be a spring as there is a spring approximately 50 feet away that is flowing at about 3 gpm. Several trees 2 inches to 3 feet in diameter are growing at the downstream toe near the right abutment. Minor damage has been done to the downstream toe along the right side of the spillway channel by someone using a dozer to push rock from the channel bottom and right bank to the left bank of the channel leaving the toe of the dam unprotected from erosion and scour by discharges through the spillway.
- (2) Appurtenant Structures. The outlet works is operable and appears to be in satisfactory condition. The valve is opened slightly to maintain a flow in Beaver Run. The concrete spillway structure is in good condition. Seven foot long seepage cut-off walls extend perpendicular to the spillway walls at mid embankment.

b. Design and Construction Data.

(1) Embankment. The new dam was built in 1976-1977. An existing embankment was raised approximately 8 feet and the slopes were flattened. Design data for the new dam consist of a soil investigation of the old embankment, hydrologic study, dam and spillway specifications, and several drawings showing a typical embankment cross section, outlet works sections, spillway, etc. In the soil investigation report the old embankment was evaluated for stability, permeability, and soil type. Borrow area fill required submittal by the Contractor for testing and approval.

Review of available information and discussion with the design engineer indicate that the reconstructed dam was designed and constructed with reasonable care. The design engineer was frequently on site to monitor the construction.

(2) Appurtenant Structures. Design drawings for the spillway and outlet works were available and reviewed. A difference was observed between design and as built conditions in that there is a concrete outlet structure, rather than the riprap lined stilling basin shown on the drawings.

- c. Operating Records. No operating records are known to exist. The flashboard structure did fail as designed in January 1978.
- d. Post-Construction Changes. PennDER has no reported changes after the new dam was constructed. The spillway flashboard support system has been modified; however, there is no record of this change.
- e. Seismic Stability. Northeastern Engineering Company, Inc. did a soil investigation of the original embankment and state that the new dam should be stable. Visually the dam appears stable. The dam is believed to be statically stable and is therefore assumed to present no hazard from earthquakes as it is located in Seismic Zone 1.

ASSESSMENT AND RECOMMENDATIONS

7.1 Dam Assessment.

a. <u>Safety</u>. The visual inspection and review of available design and construction data indicate that Mountain Shadow Lake Dam is in fair condition. The primary deficiency noted during the inspection was the lack of rock protection for the spillway discharge channel along the downstream toe of the embankment.

The hydrologic and hydraulic computation indicate that the combination of reservoir storage and spillway discharge capacity will pass 92% of the PMF prior to overtopping the embankment. Therefore, in accordance with the criteria outlined and evaluated in Section 5.5, the spillway for Mountain Shadow Lake Dam is considered to be adequate.

- b. Adequacy of Information. The design and construction data contained in PennDER files, in conjunction with data collected during the visual inspection, are considered to be adequate for making a reasonable assessment of this dam.
- c. $\underline{\text{Urgency}}$. The recommendations presented below should be implemented immediately.
- d. Necessity for Additional Studies. The results of this inspection indicate no need for additional studies.

7.2 Recommendations.

- 1. The owner should restore the riprap protection for the spillway discharge channel to design condition without delay.
- 2. The owner should assure that the outlet gate control is properly secured against tampering by unauthorized personnel.
- 3. A formal surveillance and downstream emergency warning system should be developed for use during periods of high or prolonged precipitation.
- 4. An operation and maintenance manual or plan should be prepared for use as a guide in the operation on the dam during normal and emergency conditions.
- 5. A schedule should be developed for regular inspection and routine maintenance of the dam and appurtenances.

APPENDIX A

CHECKLIST - VISUAL INSPECTION

Dam	
Lake	
Shadow	
Mt.	
Dam	
Name	

County Columbia

State Pennsylvania

Date(s) Inspection 2 Dec 80

Weather Ptly. Cloudy

Temperature 500

Pool Elevation at Time of Inspection 941.5 M.S.L.

Tailwater at Time of Inspection 927.0 M.S.L.

Inspection Personnel:

J. Bianco (C.O.E.) E. He
B. Cortright (C.O.E.) D. Cc
J. Evans (C.O.E.)

E. Hecker (C.O.E.)
D. Corradini, Owner

J. Michel, Ebeco Assoc.

B. Cortright Recorder

EMBANKMENT

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF

OBSERVATIONS

One gpm coming from hillside 20 feet d/s right abutment; source is apparently springs since another spring is about 50 feet away. None observed. Any Noticeable Seepage

Good. No signs of erosion or settlement

with: Abutments Spillway

Junction of Embankment

Surface Cracks

Crest alignment:

Horizontal

Vertical

None observed

Vertical - Good; max. variation of 0.8'

Horizontal - Good; embankment is concave upstream

Unusual movement or cracking at or beyond

None observed

the toe Sloughing or Erosion: Embankment Crest/Slopes

Abutment Slopes

None; however the crest and downstream face have minor damage due to

movement of small bulldozer.

channel adjacent to toe of dam has been recently pushed out of channel bottom Riprap on upstream face in good condition. Riprap in spillway discharge and against left bank.

Staff Gage and Recorder None

Instrumentation

None

Riprap Failures

OUTLET WORKS

OF
EXAMINATION
VISUAL

OBSERVATIONS

24" diameter reinf. concrete pressure pipe - good condition Outlet Conduit

Not observed; submerged

Intake Structure

Outlet Structure

Outlet Channel

Emergency Gate

Concrete headwall w/ wingwalls in good condition

Plunges 8 feet over riprap immediately downstream of headwall; then into original streambed.

24" gate valve w/control on dam crest. Manhole interior and gate proper were not observed. Gate control is not locked and lake reportedly was drawn down by unauthorized personnel this past spring.

UNGATED SPILLWAY

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF

Concrete Weir

OBSERVATIONS

Ogee weir; good condition 20-foot wide center section has wooden flashboards in good condition; slight leakage.

Lake. Clear with no obstructions.

Approach Channel

None

Discharge Channel Bridge and Piers

slab. Channel bends to right, narrows and parallels toe. Rock has been pushed out of channel bottom and from toe of dam to provide protection for left bank of channel. Rock in good condition in upper part immediately downstream of spillway

RESERVOIR

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF

OBSERVATIONS

Slopes

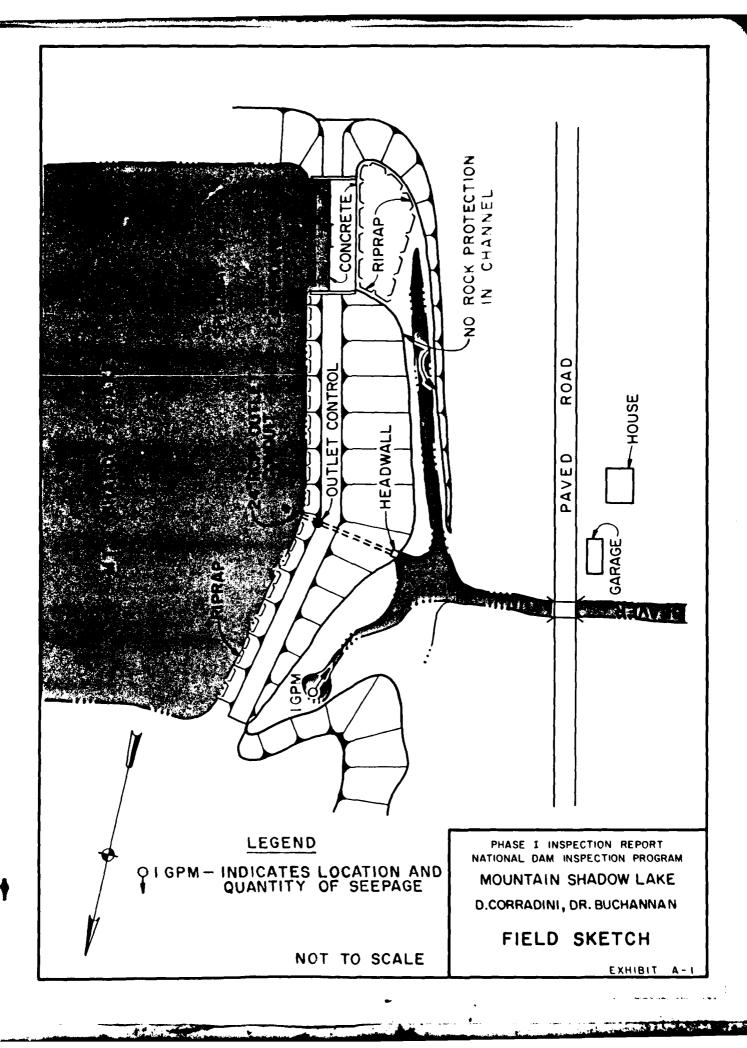
Moderate; no potential for massive slide Partially wooded No residential development adjacent to reservoir

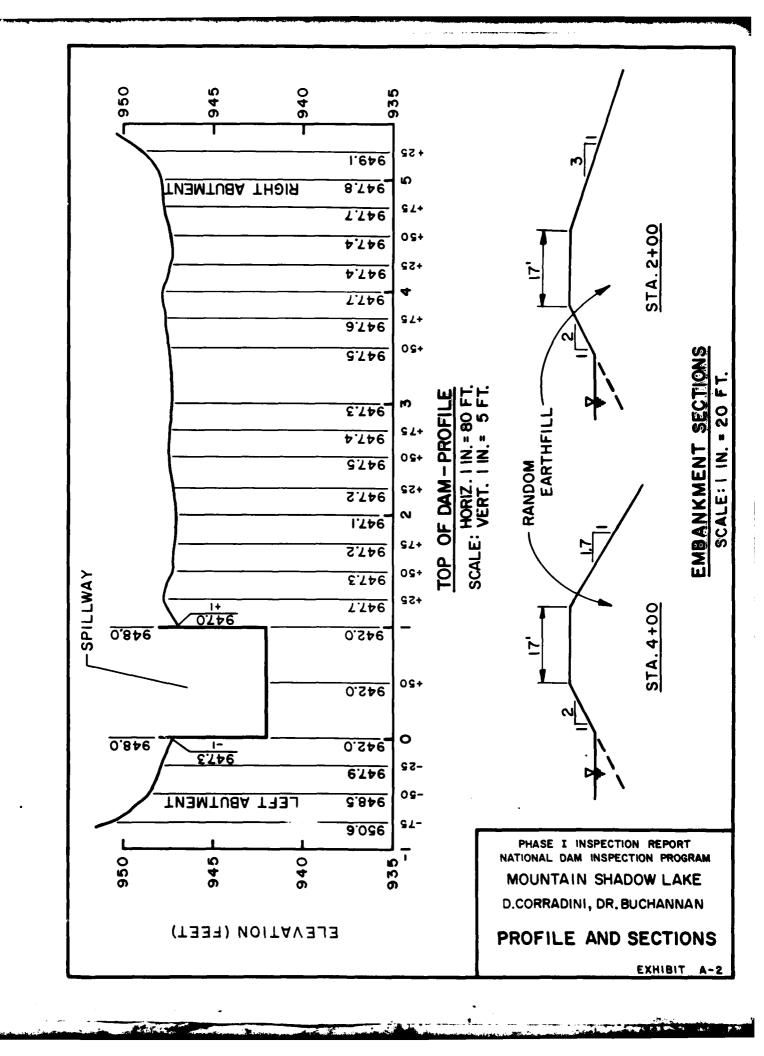
Sedimentation

None observed

DOWNSTREAM CHANNEL

OBSERVATIONS	Roadway box culvert immediately d/s with 5'x 18 1/2' wide opening. Beaver Run crosses Pa. Route 339 approx. 3.4 miles d/s of dam in town of Shumans.
VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	Condition (Obstructions, Debris, etc.)





APPENDIX B

CHECKLIST - ENGINEERING DATA

DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, OPERATION ENGINEERING DATA CLECK LIST PHASE I

Mountain Shadow Lake Dam NAME OF DAM

NDI ID # PA

DER ID # 19-80

ITEM

As-Built Drawings

Regional Vicinity Map

Construction History

Typical Sections of Dam

See Appendix E for plans.

REMARKS

U.S.G.S. Nuremberg Quadrangle, 7-1/2 minute quad sheet. See Appendix E, Plate E-2.

Pine Lake Dam built approximately in 1954 New Dam Built in 1976-1977 overtop existing dam (Pine Lake Dam). No existing data found on older dam.

without a permit.

Sections of dam are also located in report listed See Appendix E for details.

below under Geology Reports.

Design computations are in report listed under See Appendix E for details.

Hydrology & Hydraulics section below.

Rainfall/Reservoir Records

Discharge Ratings

Constraints

Details

- Plan

Outlets

See following items.

None.

Soil Investigation, Mountain Shadow Lake, Luzerne County PA - by

EBECO Associates, Inc., 1974.

Columbia County, PA. Hydrological study, Mountain Shadow Lake, Beaver Twp.

Hydrological Study, Pine Lake, Beaver Twp., Columbia Twp., PA. EBECO Associates, 1974. Flood Hydrograph Development.

EBECO Associates, 1970, Flood Hydrograph Development.

Materials Investigations

Boring Records

Laboratory

Field

Hydrology & Hydraulics

Seepage Studies

Dam Stability

Design Computations

Geology Reports

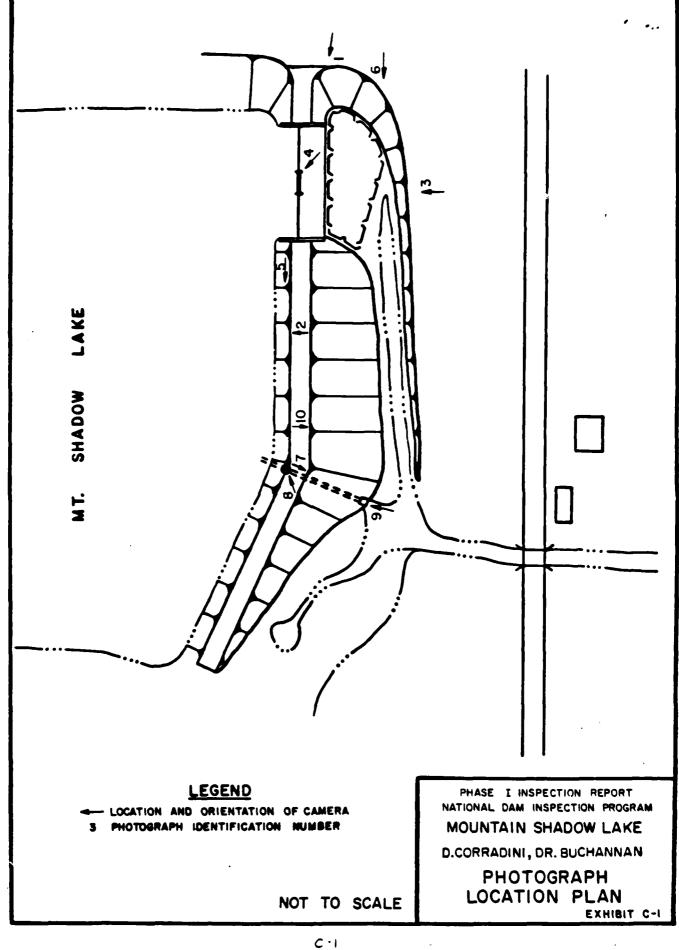
Design Reports

Borings were taken in soil investigation mentioned above, geolog reports. Gradation analysis, unconfined compression tests, in place density tests and shear tests are also contained in this report.

	None. None. Minor changes were noted in field inspection against plans shown in Appendimentioned in text of this report. None reported. None reported. Modification or strengthening of the flaashboard Spillway has been done recently. None reported. However, flashboards in spillway have been reported to have failed as designed. Minor spillway flows. None. See Appendix E for plans of spillway. See Appendix E for plans of low level drain (pond drain).	Post-Construction Surveys of Dam Monitoring Systems Modifications High Pool Records Post-Construction Engineering Studies and Reports Frior Accidents or Failure of Dam Description Reports Maintenance Operation Becords Spillway Plan Sections Details Specifications
	None.	Miscellaneous
	me•	Specifications
Specifications None.	Appendix E	Operating Equipment Plans and Details
See Appendix E	Appendix E for plans of	Spillway Plan Sections Details
See Appendix E See Appendix E None.	ne•	Maintenance Operation Records
Maintenance Operation Records Spillway Plan Sections Details Operating Equipment Plans and Details Specifications None.	<u> </u>	Frior Accidents or Failure of Dam Description Reports
Accidents or Failure None reported. ption s nance fon s ay Plan Sections Details and Details failed as designed. None. None.	reported. been done re	Post-Construction Engineering Studies and Reports
Post-Construction Engineering None reported. Studies and Reports has been done refricted of Dam of Dam Description Reports Maintenance Operation Records Spillway Plan Sections Details Operating Equipment See Appendix E if Plans and Details Specifications None.	ne reported.	High Pool Records
High Pool Records Post-Construction Engineering None reported. Studies and Reports Frior Accidents or Failure of Dam Description Reports Maintenance Operation Records Spillway Plan Sections Details Operating Equipment Plans and Details Specifications None.	nor changes were noted in field inspection against plans shown in Appendintioned in text of this report.	Modifications
Modifications High Pool Records Post-Construction Engineering None reported. Studies and Reports Frior Accidents or Failure of Dam Description Reports Maintenance Operation Records Spillway Plan Sections Details Operating Equipment Plans and Details None. Mone. None. See Appendix E is presented and Details None. None. None. None. Sections Details None.	ne•	Monitoring Systems
Monitoring Systems Modifications Minor changes were noted in field inspection against plans shown in Appendix mentioned in text of this report. High Pool Records None reported. Post-Construction Engineering None reported. Modification or strengthening of the flaashboard Spillway Studies and Reports Frior Accidents or Failure of Dam Description Reports Maintenance Operation Sections Sections Details Operating Equipment See Appendix E for plans of low level drain (pond drain). Specifications None.	ne.	Post-Construction Surveys of Dam
Post-Construction Surveys of Dam Monitoring Systems Modifications Modifications Modifications Modifications Modifications Modifications Modifications Modifications Modifications Mone reported. High Pool Records None reported. Mone reported. Modification or strengthening of the flaashboard Spillway Frior Accidents or Failure of Dam Description Reports Maintenance Operation Reports Mone. Spillway Plan Sections Details Operating Equipment See Appendix E for plans of low level drain (pond drain). Snecifications None.	MARKS	ITEM

APPENDIX C

PHOTOGRAPHS





t. Overstew or Dro.



The second secon



c. spillwes are and appears on at discharge danger.



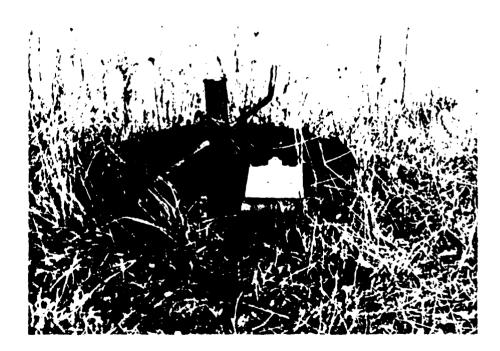


5. Upstream fore of embankment.

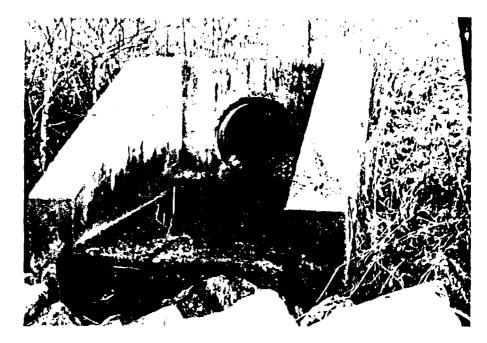




7. Outlet works headwall and discharge channel.



 $(\mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{A}})$, which is a second constant of the constant of the second constant of the



9. Downstream end of outlet conduit and headwall.



10. Downstream hazard area from top of embankment.

APPENDIX D

HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULICS

PREFACE

The modified HEC-1 program is capable of performing two basic types of hydrologic analyses: 1) the evaluation of the overtopping potential of the dam; and 2) the estimation of the downstream hydrologic-hydraulic consequences resulting from assumed structural failures of the dam. Briefly, the computational procedures typically used in the dam overtopping analysis are as follows:

- a. Development of an inflow hydrograph(s) to the reservoir.
- b. Routing of the inflow hydrograph(s) through the reservoir to determine if the event(s) analyzed would overtop the dam.
- c. Routing of the outflow hydrograph(s) from the reservoir to desired downstream locations. The results provide the peak discharge(s), time(s) of the peak discharge(s), and the maximum stage(s) of each routed hydrograph at the downstream end of each reach.

The evaluation of the hydrologic-hydraulic consequence resulting from an assumed structural failure (breach) of the dam is typically performed as shown below.

- a. Development of an inflow hydrograph(s) to the reservoir.
- b. Routing of the inflow hydrograph(s, through the reservoir.
- c. Development of a failure hydrograph(s) based on specified breach criteria and normal reservoir outflow.
- d. Routing of the failure hydrograph(s) to desired downstream locations. The results provide estimates of the peak discharge(s), time(s) to peak and maximum water surface elevations of failure hydrographs for each location.

HYDROLOGY & HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS DATA BASE

NAME OF DAM: MOUNTAIN SH	ADOW LAKE ?	SAM	
PROBABLE MAXIMUM PRECIPITATION	(PMP) = 22.3	INCHES	S/24 HOURS ⁽¹⁾
Susque)(A	NNA RIVER ?	BASIN	
STATION	1	2	3
STATION DESCRIPTION	MOUNTAIN SHAD LAKE DAM	7L)	
DRAINAGE AREA (SQUARE MILES)	2.60		
CUMULATIVE DRAINAGE AREA (SQUARE MILES)	2.60		
ADJUSTMENT OF PMF FOR (1) DRAINAGE AREA LOCATION (%)	100%		
6 Hours 12 Hours 24 Hours 48 Hours 72 Hours	117 127 136 145		
SNYDER HYDROGRAPH PARAMETERS			
Zone (2) C _p (3) C ^p (3) L ^t (MILES) (4) L _{ca} (MILES (4) tp = C _t (L ·L _{ca}) 0.3 (HOURS)	13 0.50 1.85 2.73 1.12 2.59		
SPILLWAY DATA			
CREST LENGTH (FEET) FREEBOARD (FEET)	100.0 5.0		

⁽¹⁾ HYDROMETEOROLOGICAL REPORT 40 , U. S. Army Corps of Engineers, 1955.

⁽²⁾ Hydrologic zone defined by Corps of Engineers, Baltimore District, For Determination of Snyder Coefficients (C $_p$ and C $_t$).

- (3) Snyder Coefficients
- (4) L = Length of longest watercourse from dam to basin divide. L_{ca} = Length of longest watercourse from dam to point opposite basin centroid.

	it, corps of engin 4M SAFETY			PAGE
		SHADOW LAKE	SHEET	/ OF // SHEETS
TEO BY	JPB	CHECKED BY	DATE	1-6-81
DAM	1 CLASSIFI	CATION		
	SIZE OF	24M - SMA	·LL	
	HAZARD	- HIGH	I	
	REQUIRED	SDF - YZ PMF	TO FULL PHF	
DAM	STATISTICS	<u> </u>		
		DAM -	•	
		NORMAL POOL -		
	STORAGE AT	TOP OF DAM -	360 AC-F7	
**	ELEVATIONS	M (JESIGN)	- 7480	
	TOP OF DA	M (LOW POINT)	- 947. O	
	NORMAL P		- 742.0	
	SPILLWAY .	CREST -	- 942.0	
		D AT CENTERUN		
	_	ORKS :	INVERT - 73.	O.6 .2 (FEILI) MEASURE
<u> </u>	ROGRAPH PA		_	
	MIDER ZAS	in - Susa	UEHANDA RIVER	BASIN
	_	. /3		
	synders	COEFFICIENTS	:	
	,	Cp - 0.5		
	(2t - 1.85		
ė	* MEASURED	PARAMETERS -	FROM U.S.G.S.	GUAD SHEET
				RCOURSE L=17
		W = LENGTH OF TI		
	~	TO CENTRI	OID OF THE BAS	IN LA = 1.1
		•		
),S .G.S.	QUAD SHEE	ET ENTITLED	NUREMBERG, 7	١.
L = 14	400 feet .	Lu = 5900 feet		
·, 2	73 miles	112 miles		

ADB FORM 1232, 28 MAR 74

NOTE ELEVATIONS ARE REFERENCED TO DRAWINGS SHOWING SPILLWAY (OGE WEIR) AT ELEVATION 942.0. THIS SELAS RESONABLE WHEN EXAMINING U.S.G.S. NUKEMBURG QUAD SHEET. THE LAKE DOES MOTHAVE AN ELEVATION GIVEN ON QUAD SHEET.

£ρ = _NYSEAS BASIN LAGTIME TO PEAK IN HOURS

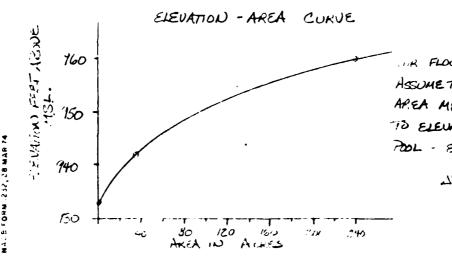
£ρ = C_L(L L_{CA})^{0.3}
= 1.85(2.73(1.12)) = 2.59 hours

RECERUDIA CAPACITY

- SURFACE AREA AT NORMAL POOL (EL 942.0) = 35 ACRES

- SURFACE AREA AT ELEVATION 960.0 = 240 MERS
(PLAINIMETERED VALUE)
ASSUME CONICAL METHOD APPLIES TO FIND LOW POINT
IN POOL BELOW NORMAL POOL.

VOLUME AT NORMAL POOL = 107 AC-FT.(FROM PENNDER FILES) $V = \frac{1}{3}AH$ $H = \frac{3V}{A} = \frac{3(107 \text{ AC FT})}{35 \text{ AC}} = 9.17 \text{ feet.}$ ZERO ELEVATION 942.0 - 9.2 = 932.8



ASSUME THE AVERAGE END APPEA METHOD IS SUITABLE TO ELEVATIONS APPLE NORMAL FOOL - EL THZO.

W = (A.+A2) CH

ELEVATION -	STORAGE	TABLE
-------------	---------	-------

ELEVATION (MSL)	AREA (AZRES)	ΔH (f1)	$\Delta V = \left(\frac{A_1 + A_2}{3}\right) \Delta H$	CUMPATIVE VO	LUME
<i>732.8</i>	0	_	0	0	∦ ⊙
742.0	35	-	107	107	110
743. o	42	1.0	38.5	145.5	45
944.0	48	1.0	45.0	190.5	10
945.0	53	1.0	50.5	241.0	240
946.0	60	1.0	56.5	277.5	300
947.0	66	1.0	63.0	360.5	ريہ ۽
948.0	75	1.0	70.5	431.0	430
949.0	85	1.0	80.0	511.0	_ 5.0 _
950.0	95	1.0	90.0	601.0	60.0
960.0	240	10.0	1675.0	2276.0	2280

NOTE: DRAWAGE AREA ABOVE DAM = 2.60 mi2

.:	ELEVATION (MSL)	STORAGE (AC-FT)	
	932.8	0	
	942.0	110	
	943.0	145	38 OT KTAG 24T
	944.0	190	TUPUT ON
	915.0	240	AS ; #E CARDS.
	9460	300	
	→ 947.0	360	
	948.0	430	
	949.0	510	
	9 5 0.0	600	
	960.0	<i>228</i> 0	* TOP OF DAMY (LOW FOINT)
	7-6		

THP CALCULATIONS:

- APPROXIMATE RAINFALL INDEX = 22.2 INCHES

 (CORRESPONDING TO A DIRATTON OF 24 HOURS AND A

 DRAINAGE AREA OF 200 mi²) ALL SEASON ENVELOPE
- SUSQUEHANNA RIVER BASIN GEOGRAPHIC AREA ADJUSTMENT MADE BY HYDROMET 40 - FIGURE I IS 100 %.
- DEATH-AREA DURATION HYLROMET 40 VALUE.
- ASSUME VALUES CORRESPONDING TO A 10 mi² AREA MAY BE
 APPLIED TO THIS 2.60 mi² AREA

PERCENT OF INDEX RAWFALL
117
127
136
143
145

y .,

NOTE: HOP BROUK FACTOR IS INTERNALLY COMPUTED BY THE HECIDB FROGRAM. FOR A DRAINAGE AREA LESS THAN IO SQUARE MILES THE ADJUSTMENT FACTOR = 0.80. THIS ADJUSTMENT; FOR BASIN SHAPE AND FOR THE LESSER LIKELIHOOD OF A SEVERE STORM CENTERING OVER A SHALL BASIN.

SDF: BASED ON THE SMALL HEIGHT OF DAM AND THE SMALL STOPAGE, THE SDF SELECTED FOR THIS POND WAS THE BEPAF. THIS IS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE GUIDENCE PROVIDED.

:: USE SDF = 1/2 PMF

EMERGENCY SPILLWAY CAPACITY:

NOTE: SPULMAY IS NEAR LEFT ACOTHERT. SEE FRED SKETCH IN APPENDIX A, SAMORT 1.

SPILLWAY WATH

TYPE - Oger concrete weir

LENGTH - 100 fect

CREST ELEVATION - 942.0 MSL.

LOW POINT TOPOF DAM - 947.0 MSL.

SPILLWAY FREEBOARD - 5 feet

C YALUE - (ARIABLE - ISEPENDENT ON DEPTH OF IZON ONFO WEIR

ASSUME DESIGN HEAD IS 5 FEET. THIS WOOLD BE A REMON-

: FROM DECIEN OF SMALL DAMES 18 318, FISHES 244 \$250 WE find that: KNOWING P=2.5 and Ho=5.0

A = 2.5 - 0.5; C = 3.80 - SEIGN "C"

PROLEUSTION	N					•	
(MSL)	He	H_{o}	He	7 	C	G=CLHe 3/2	
	(<u>H)</u>	(A)	(ratio)	(ratio)	4 · · ·	(CFS)	u <u>se</u>
742.0	0	5	0	0.80	3:04	0	0
943.0	1	5	0.20	C 85	32 3	323	320
944.0	2	5	0.40	0.90	3:42	967	970
945.0	3	5	0.60	0.94	3.57	1855	1860
946.0	4	5	0.80	0.97	3.69	· 295Z	2950
947.0	5	5	1.00	1.00	3.80	4249	4250
448.0	6	5	1.20	1.02	3.88	570Z	5700
1490	7	5	1.40	1.05	399	7389	7390
750.0	8'	5	1.60	1.07	707	1204	9210
160.0	15	వ్	260	1.10	7,4	31921	31930

* APPROXIMATE

SPILLWAY RATING TABLE:

ELEVATION	arphi
(MSL)	(O'S)
942 0	o
943.0	320
944.0	970
945.0	1860
946.0	2 950
* 947.0	4250
948.0	5100
947.0	73 90
950.0	9210
960.0	3/900

* INDICATES LOW POINT TOP OF DAM

EMBANKMENT RATING CURVE:

THIS ANALYSIS ASSUMES THAT THE EMBANKMENT BEHAVES AS A BROAD CRESTED WEIR IF OVERTOPPING OCCURS. THE DISCHARGE CAN BE ESTIMATED BY:

WHERE:

Q = DISCHMAGE CUER EMBLANKMENT, IN CFS

L, = LENGTH OF EMBANKMENT, FT

HW = WEIGHTED HEAD IN FEET, AVERAGE FLOW

AREA WEIGHTED AROUE LOW DINT OF DAM

C = COEFFICIENT OF DISCHARGE

MADB FORM (232, 28 MAR 74

SALT MORE DISTRICT CORPS OF ENGINEERS			PAGE
5.0vt(7	AM PAFETY	AWALYSIS	
. SMPUTAT ONS	MOUNTAIN	HADOW LAKE	SHEETOF//_ SHEET
COMPUTED BY_	198	CHECKED BY	OATE - 3 81

VS RESERVOIR ELEVATION:

PESERVAR ELEVATION	EMBAUKMENT LENGT		
(MSL)	<u>(++)</u>		
747.0	<i>3</i>		
748.0	450		
9490	775		
950.0	510		
- 9600	550		

* MAKIMUM LENGTH OF EMBANKMENT IS 550 feet

EMBAA	UKMEA	UT RAT	TING TABLE	ASSUME C	- 6.00		
ESERVOIR ELEVATION (MSL)	L, (#)	L ₂ (A)	HEAD, HI (A)	Exemental Roward, Ai (A ²)	TOTAL FLUM AREA (F12)	WEKH HEAL (A)	
947.0	0	_	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	
948.0	450	0	1.0	225 0	225.0	3.5	453
749.0	495	450	1.0	4725	6975	1.41	2362
750.0	510	495	1.0	502 5	12000	2 35	5236
960.0	550	510	10.0	5300.0	6500.0	// 8/	63,618

* - C: 2.85 from VARNELL & NAGLER FOR BROAD CRESTED WEIR.

and safety lauteris

MP. TAT ONS IT UNITAIN LATER LAKE

COMPUTED BY SATE 581

THE FACILITY PATING WEVE

TOTAL " Y'LL WAY " " - MINNA IKAMEAUT

ELEVATION	" SALLWAY	MEANKMENT	" Broke
(MSL)	(CFS)	1 CFS)	د ما نور
1420	3		
743.0	320	.)	120
944.0	770	5	170
7450	1860	5	1860
146.0	1450	o	a 150
× 947.0	4250	0	~ <u>250</u>
1480	5700	-50	3150
9490	7390	2360	4750
1500	9210	5240	4750
9600	31400	3600	15500

- * LOW POINT TOP OF DAM
- THESE VALUES TO NOT TUCKING THE THE PERCENTAGE . 1.005 THE LA"

 CONDUIT WILL BE IGNORED AND THE ABOVE THESE WILL BE

 TOPUT ON THE 144.5 LARDS.

OUTLET WORKS:

THE 24" KEINFORCED CONCRETE INVESTIGATE IN ELEVATION 123 - LENGTH THE UPSTREAM INVENT S OF ELEVATION 123 - AND THE DOWNETREAM TOUGHT IS NOT ELEVATION 123 - INSPECTED VALUE).

THE TUTAKE OF THE OUTLETWORKS S SHOWN IN APPENDIX E THE WINGWALLS ARE FARALLEL TO THE WIRECTION OF FLLWIND THE TUTAKE HAS A TRACH PACK ATTACHED. FOR ANTHOXIMATE LALDES IN THE CUTTLET STRUCTURE CAPACITY, THE CITRUCTURE CAPACITY, THE CITRUCTURE CAPACITY, THE CITRUCTURE CAPACITY, THE CITRUCTURE CAPACITY A HEAD WALL WITH A SQUARE EASE HAS THEREFORE AS 05. THIS UALUE WAS FOUND IN APPRILITY & OF HYDRAULIC CHARTS FOR THE SELECTION OF HYGHUMY CULUFAITS, U.S. STATISTATUS COMMANCE, U.E. 1965. THIS AMALYSIS HOLL AT ME THE COMPACE

L- 92 FEET 190 1 TOURS IND 433.2
L4 24 NOISE COMERT FLOWERT FLOWER FULL
HU = H+hg- LS

SASSIME MAT THE DOZEN ERE & MARRAGE EX ON FORT

LE CLARES HO HW- NO + LC,

HE WAS FIRME HEAD METWELL HITREAM TEEL ELECATION AND WAS ALLOWED WITH A STUME OF 135.3

*04 - A	Time H	4	ribMarks
·- ·- ·- ·-	· FevT	CF2	OUTLET
· 3 & 🕳	·\$. 0	O	
44.7° c	.24 27	النهاد	ATOMACHE POOL
143	· 3 / 21	44	
والمعتبرة	1363 77	to	
145	.453 7	48	
146	43 01	4 :1	
147 11	120.3 11 1	5 <i>₹</i>	MAX MOM HOUL
773	147 27	15	

The second of th

Carrier Section

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SUBJECT DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS

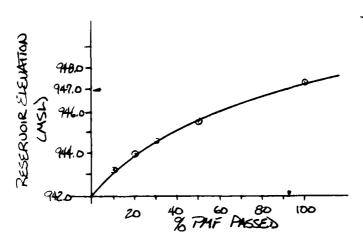
MOUNTAIN SHADOW LAKE

SHEET 10 OF 1 SHEETS

COMPUTED BY APB

RESULTS OF THE OVERTORANG ANALYSIS:

AS CAN BE SEEN ON PAGE \$5 OF THE OVERTOPPING ANALYSIS THE FOLLOWING CURVE CAN BE DRAWN FROM THE SUMMARY TABLE.



THE DAM AND SPILLWAY

CAN ACOMMONICATE

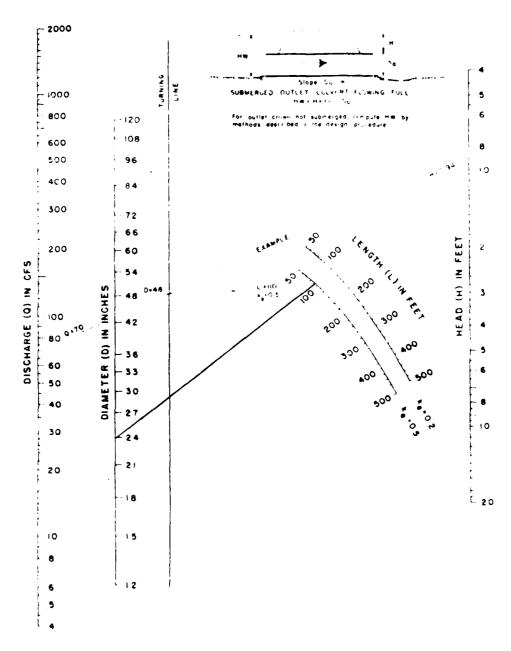
92% OF PMF PRIOR

TO OVERTOPPING THE
EMBANKMENT:

TOP OF DAM AT ELEVATION 947.0

SINCE the SDF = 1/2 PMF, AND THIS FACILITY CAN ACOMHON-DATE 92% OF THE PMF, THE SPILLWAY IS CONSIDERED TO BE ADEQUATE.

N. 120



HEAD FOR
CONCRETE PIPE CULVERTS
FLOWING FULL
n = 0.012

BUPEAU OF PUBLIC ROADS JAN 1965

5-32

5/1 2 1/5 OUR REDRINGS ANALYSIS MONTHAN SHADOW LAKE

2 DAM SAFTEY INSPECTION PROGRAM 4 A	DAM SAFTEY INSPECTION PROGRAM 1-8-81 OVERTOPPING ANALYSIS *** PRELIMINARY *** 144 0 20 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		P.	₹ £	NIAIN C	HADOW LAK	MOUNTAIN SHADOW LAKE DER NO. 70-19-80	10. 70-19	09-6				
A3 OVERTOPPING ANALYSIS *** PRELIMINARY **** B 144 0 20 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	A3 OVERTOPPING ANALYSIS **** PRELIMINARY **** B 144 0 20 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	8	A2		SAFTEY IN	VSPECTION	I PROGRAM		3-61				
B	B	9	A3		TOPP ING	ANALYS19				**			
B1 5 0	J	4	Œ	7 4 4	0	50	0	O	•	0	0	0	0
J 1 5 1 JI 0.10 0.20 0.50 1.00 K 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 KI RUNDEF FROM DRAINAGE AREA ABOVE MUNTAIN SHADOM LAKF 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 P 0 22.2 117 127 136 143 145 0 1 H 2.59 0.50 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 K 1 1 0 0 0 1.0 0 1 K 1 0 0 0 1.0 0 0 0 KI ROUTING XPMFS THRU MOUNTAIN SHADOM LAKE AND SPILLLMAY 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Y 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Y 0 0 0 0 </td <td>JI 0.10 0.20 0.30 0.50 1.00 KI RUNDEF FROM DRAINAGE AREA ABOVE MOUNTAIN SHADOM LAKF H 1 1 2.60 0 2.60 0 0 1 0 0 1 H 2.59 0.50 X -1.5 -0.05 2 2 117 127 134 145 145 T 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1.0 0.05 K 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1.0 0.05 K 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 K 1 ROUTING XPHF'S THRU MOUNTAIN SHADOM LAKE AND SPILLMAY Y 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Y4 942.0 943.0 944.0 945.0 945.0 945.0 949.0 949.0 949.0 949.0 K 99 PREVIEW RESTORENCE OF STREAM METUNDS CACINATIONS</td> <td>ıo</td> <td>181</td> <td>in</td> <td>0</td> <td>c</td> <td>٥</td> <td>0</td> <td>O</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td>	JI 0.10 0.20 0.30 0.50 1.00 KI RUNDEF FROM DRAINAGE AREA ABOVE MOUNTAIN SHADOM LAKF H 1 1 2.60 0 2.60 0 0 1 0 0 1 H 2.59 0.50 X -1.5 -0.05 2 2 117 127 134 145 145 T 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1.0 0.05 K 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1.0 0.05 K 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 K 1 ROUTING XPHF'S THRU MOUNTAIN SHADOM LAKE AND SPILLMAY Y 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Y4 942.0 943.0 944.0 945.0 945.0 945.0 949.0 949.0 949.0 949.0 K 99 PREVIEW RESTORENCE OF STREAM METUNDS CACINATIONS	ıo	181	in	0	c	٥	0	O	0	0	0	0
1	11 0.10 0.20 0.30 0.50 1.00	40	ד	-	ın	-			-				
K1 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0	KI RUNGFF FROM DRAINAGE AREA ABOVE MOUNTAIN SHADOM LAKF H 1 1 2.60 0 2.60 0 1 0 1 1 P 0 22.2 117 127 136 143 145 T 0 0 0 0 0 0 1.0 0.05 0 1 W 2.59 0.50 X -1.5 -0.05 2 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 KI ROUTING ZMF'S THRU MOUNTAIN SHADOM LAKE AND SPILLMAY V 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	7	2	0.10	0.20	0.30	0.50	1.00					
K1 RUNDEF FROM DRAINAGE ARRA ABOVE MOUNTAIN SHADOM LAKE 0 0 1 P 0 22.2 117 12.6 0 2.60 0 0 1 H 2.59 0.50 1 0 0 0 1.0 0.05 0 K 1 1 0 0 0 1.0 0.05 0 K 1 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 K 1 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 K 1 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 K 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 Y 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Y 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 <	K1 RUNDFF FROM DRAINAGE AREA ABOVE MOUNTAIN SHADOW LAKF H 1 1 2.60 0 2.60 0 0 1 P 0 22.2 117 127 136 143 145 T 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1.0 0.05 W 2.59 0.50 X -1.5 -0.05 2 2 K 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 1.0 0.05 X -1.5 -0.05 2 2 K 1 ROUTING XPMF'S THRU MOUNTAIN SHADOW LAKE AND SPILLMAY Y 0 0 0 0 0 -9421 0 Y1 1 0 0 0 0 0 -9421 0 Y4 942.0 943.0 944.0 945.0 946.0 947.0 948.0 949.0 950.0 9 \$\$\$ 942.0 \$\$\$ \$\$\$ \$\$\$\$ \$	æ	¥	0	-	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0
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P 0 22.2 117 127 136 143 145 T 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.05 0 M 2.59 0.50 2 0 0 0 1.0 0.05 0 K 1 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 K1 ROUTING XPMF S THRU MOUNTAIN SHADOM LAKE AND SPILLMAY 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Y1 1 0 <td>P 0 22.2 117 127 136 143 145 T 0 0 0 0 1.0 0.05 0 K -1.5 -0.05 2 0 0 1 0 0 K1 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 K1 ROUTING XPMF'S THRU MOUNTAIN SHADOM LAKE AND SPILLMAY 0</td> <td>0</td> <td>E</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>2.60</td> <td>0</td> <td>2.60</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>-</td> <td>0</td>	P 0 22.2 117 127 136 143 145 T 0 0 0 0 1.0 0.05 0 K -1.5 -0.05 2 0 0 1 0 0 K1 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 K1 ROUTING XPMF'S THRU MOUNTAIN SHADOM LAKE AND SPILLMAY 0	0	E	-	-	2.60	0	2.60	0	0	0	-	0
T 0	T 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.050 M 2.59 0.50 X -1.5 -0.05 2 K1 ROUTING XPMF'S THRU MOUNTAIN SHADOW LAKE AND SPILLMAY Y 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		α.	0	22.2	117	127	136	143	145			
W 2.59 0.50 X -1.5 -0.05 2 0 0 0 1 0 0 K1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 Y 0 0 1 1 0	W 2.59 0.50 X -1.5 -0.05 2 K 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 K1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Y1 1 0	2	-	٥	0	0	0	0	0	1.0	0.05	0	0
X -1.5 -0.05 2 K1 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 K1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Y1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Y4 942.0 943.0 944.0 945.0 946.0 947.0 948.0 949.0 950.0 9 Y5 0 10 0 0 0 949.0 949.0 950.0 9 Y5 0 10 145 190 240 300 360 430 949.0 9 \$6 942.0 944.0 945.0 946.0 947.0 948.0 949.0 9 \$6 942.0 943.0 944.0 946.0 947.0 948.0 949.0 9 \$6 942.0 943.0 946.0 946.0 947.0 948	X	m	3	2.59	0,50								
K1 ROUTING %PMF'S THRU MOUNTAIN SHADOM LAKE AND SPILLMAY Y 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 Y1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	K1 ROUTING %PMF'S THRU MOUNTAIN SHADOW LAKE AND SPILLWAY Y 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	•	×	-1.5	-0.05	8							
K1 ROUTING XPMF'S THRU MOUNTAIN SHADOW LAKE AND SPILLWAY Y 0 <td>K1 ROUTING %PMF'S THRU MOUNTAIN SHADOW LAKE AND SPILLWAY Y 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 Y1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Y4 942.0 943.0 944.0 945.0 946.0 947.0 948.0 949.0 950.0 9 \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$</td> <td>10</td> <td>¥</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>٥</td> <td>0</td> <td>-</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>C</td>	K1 ROUTING %PMF'S THRU MOUNTAIN SHADOW LAKE AND SPILLWAY Y 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 Y1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Y4 942.0 943.0 944.0 945.0 946.0 947.0 948.0 949.0 950.0 9 \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$	10	¥	-	-	0	0	٥	0	-	0	0	C
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\$\$ 0 110 145 190 240 300 360 430 510 \$\$ \$\frac{1}{8}\$ 942.0 943.0 944.0 945.0 946.0 947.0 948.0 949.0 9 \$\frac{1}{8}\$ 942.0 \$\$ \$\frac{1}{8}\$ 947.0 \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$	#\$ 0 110 145 190 240 300 360 430 510 #E 932.8 942.0 943.0 944.0 945.0 946.0 947.0 948.0 949.0 9 #B 947.0 K 99 PREVIEW OF STREAM NETWORK CALCULATIONS	_	χ 3	٥	320	970	1860	2950	4250	6150	9750	14450	95500
\$E 932.8 942.0 943.0 944.0 945.0 946.0 947.0 948.0 949.0 \$6 942.0 \$6 947.0 \$7.0 \$7.0 \$7.0 \$7.0 \$7.0 \$7.0 \$7.0 \$	\$E 932.8 942.0 943.0 944.0 945.0 946.0 947.0 948.0 949.0 \$\$ 942.0 \$\$ 947.0 \$\$ 99 \$\$ PREVIEW OF STREAM NETWORK CALCIN ATTONS	_	S #		110	145	190	240	300	360	430	510	2280
\$\$ 942 \$D 947 K	\$\$ 942.0 \$D 947.0 K 99	7	*	932.8	942.0	943.0	944.0	945.0	946.0	947.0	948.0	949.0	0.096
\$D 947 K	\$D 947.0 K 99	m	:	942.0									
¥	× 4	•	Ω\$	947.0									
	PREVIEW OF SEGIENCE OF STREAM NETWORK CALCIE ATTONS	ю	¥	8									

FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1)

JULY 1978

DAM SAFETY VERSION

*************************** LAST MODIFICATION OF APR 80

RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH AT ROUTE HYDROGRAPH TO END OF NETWORK

> JULY 1978 FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1) LAST MODIFICATION OF APR 80 DAM SAFETY VERSION

D-15

RUN DATE . 81/01/08. TIME 06.49.29.

A PARTY OF THE PAR

* * * *** PRELIMINARY MOUNTAIN SHADOW LAKE DER NO. 70-19-80 1-8-81 DAM SAFTEY INSPECTION PROGRAM OVERTOPPING ANALYSIS

JOB SPECIFICATION

NSTAN	•		
IPRT	•		
IPLT	0		
METRC	•	TRACE	0
NIE	0	LROPT	0
THR	0	L M	0
IDAY	0	JOPER	ın
Z E	20		
S. F.	0		
9	141		

MULTI-PLAN ANALYSES TO BE PERFORMED

NPLAN- 1 NRTIO- 5 LRTIO- 1

******* ******** ********

SUB-AREA RUNOFF COMPUTATION

RUNDEF FROM DRAINAGE AREA ABOVE MOUNTAIN SHADOW LAKE

IAUTO	•
ISTAGE	0
INAME	
JPRT	o
JPLT	0
ITAPE	0
IECON	0
1COMP	0
ISTAG	-

LOCAL ISAME **HONS I** RATIO 0.000 0.00 HYDROGRAPH DATA TRSPC TRSDA 2.60 SNAP 0.00 TAREA 2.60 1CHG IHYDG

R72 22.20 117.00 127.00 136.00 143.00 145.00 R48 R24 R12 8 PMS TRSPC COMPUTED BY THE PROGRAM IS .800 % SPFE

PRECIP DATA

MOUNTAIN SHABOU LAKE

0.00 R96

	RTIMP	0.00	
	AL SMX	0.00	
	CNSTL	8	
	STRTL	8.	
_	RTIOK	8:	
LOSS DATA	STRKS	0.00	
	ERAIN	o. o	
	RT10L	1 .8	
	PL.TAR	0. %	
	STRKR	0.00	
	LROPT	•	

UNIT HYDROGRAPH DATA

TP= 2.59 CP= .50 NTA= 0

RECESSION DATA

•	PROXIMATE CLARK COEFFICIENTS FROM GIVEN SNYDER CP AND TP ARE TC. 8.25 AND R-10.64 INTERVALS	
2.8	9.0	
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UNIT HYDROGRAPH 61 END-OF-FERIOD ORDINATES, LAG= 2.55 HOURS, CPe .50 VOL= 1.00 13. 50. 102. 163. 225. 277. 313. 328. 318. 265. 241. 219. 200. 182. 165. 151. 137. 125. 103. 94. 56. 78. 71. 65. 59. 54. 49. 40. 37. 33. 30. 28. 25. 23. 21. 19. 16. 14. 13. 12. 11. 10. 9. 8. 7. 4. 6. 5. 5. 5. 4. 4. 3. 3. 3.		291.	114.	;	17.	7.	e,	
MNIT HYDROGRAPH 61 END-OF-FERIOD ORDINATES, LAG* 2.59 HOURS. 50. 102. 163. 225. 277. 313. 241. 219. 200. 182. 165. 151. 94. 50. 78. 71. 65. 59. 37. 33. 30. 28. 25. 23. 14. 13. 12. 11. 10. 9. 6. 5. 5. 4. 3.	VOL. 1.00	318.	125.	40.	19.	7.	.	
MNIT HYDROGRAPH 61 END-OF-FERIOD ORDINATES, LAG* 2.59 HOURS. 50. 102. 163. 225. 277. 313. 241. 219. 200. 182. 165. 151. 94. 50. 78. 71. 65. 59. 37. 33. 30. 28. 25. 23. 14. 13. 12. 11. 10. 9. 6. 5. 5. 4. 3.	8.		137.	34.	21.	6	e,	
MNIT HYDROGRAPH 61 END-OF-FERIOD ORDINATES. LAG- 50. 102. 163. 225. 277. 241. 219. 200. 182. 165. 94. 50. 78. 71. 65. 37. 33. 30. 28. 25. 14. 13. 12. 11. 10. 6. 5. 5. 6.	59 HOURS.	313.	151.	39.	23.	•	ċ	
241. 219. 200. 182. 225. 94. 56. 78. 78. 71. 37. 33. 30. 28. 111. 6. 5. 5. 5. 6. 78. 71.	LAG- 2.0		165.	6 5.	33.	10.	÷	
13. SO. 102. 163. 265. 241. 219. 200. 103. 94. 60. 78. 40. 37. 33. 30. 16. 14. 13. 12.	ORDINATES.	225.	182.	71.	28.	11.	÷	
13. 50. 102. 265. 241. 219. 103. 94. 50. 40. 37. 33. 16. 14. 13.	OF-PERIOD (163.	200.	78.	30.	12.	'n	
13. 50. 265. 241. 103. 94. 40. 37. 16. 14.	H 61 END-(102.	219.	60.	33.	13.	หา	
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				£	PROGRAP	HYDROGRAPH ROUTING	o							
	POC	TING XPM	ROUTING XPHF'S THRU MOUNTAIN SHÀDOW LAKE AND SPILLWAY	MTAIN	знаром с	AKE AND	SPILLWAY							
			STAG 150MP			11,005	ğ							
							- O	ת ה	INAME	IS I AGE	IAUTO			
					ROUTING DATA	G DATA	•	•	•	>	•			
		SSO TO			IRES I		10PT	IPHP		LSTR				
		0.0	0.000	0.00	-	-	•	•		0				
			NSTPS NSTDL		LAG A	AMSKK	×	TSK S	STORA 18	ISPRAT				
				0	0	0.000.0	0.000	0.000	-942.	-1				
STAGE	942.00	943.00	944.00		945.00	946.00	00	947.00	948.00	8	949.00	950.00	960.00	
FLOW	0.00	320.00	970.00		1860.00	2950.00		4250.00	6150.00		9750.00	14450.00	95500.00	
CAPACITY=	o	110.	. 145.	**	190.	240.	300.	360.	ċ	4 30.	510.	2280.		
ELEVATION	933.	942.	. 943.	٥	944.	945.	946.	947.		948.	949.	.096		
		CREL	L SPWID	MOOC	н	ELEVL	COOL	CAREA	EXPL					
		942.0	0.0	٥.	0.0		0.0			_				
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		•		TO	TOPEL C	COOD	ā	DAMMID						
				94	947.0	0.0	0.0	•						
				STA	STATION	1. PLA	1, PLAN 1, RATIO 1	10 1			•	Manthud SHARAW LAKE.	OW LAKE.	
				END-C	JF-PERIO	END-OF-PERIOD HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES	RAPH OR	DINATES			(OVERTORBUSE ANTICLE	Aunt C	ş

OVERTORIUS HUMEYER. (MYSSK

MOUNTAIN SHALMO LAKE

FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1)

DAM SAFETY VERSION

JULY 1978

LAST MODIFICATION 01 APR 80

PEAK FLOW AND STORAGE (END OF PERIOD) SUMMARY FOR MULTIPLE PLAN-RATIO ECONOMIC COMPUTATIONS

- A . S. W. C. P.

FLOWS IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND (CUBIC METERS PER SECOND)

AREA IN SQUARE MILES (SQUARE KILOMETERS)

OPERATION STATION AREA PLAN RATIO 1 RATIO 2 RATIO 3 RATIO 4 RATIO .10 .20 .30 .50 1.0 1.0 .50	STATION AREA 4 AT 1 2.60 6 6.73) 7 66.73							RATIOS APPLIED TO FLOWS	LIED TO FI	SMO
1 2.60 1 502. 1005, 1507. 2512. (6.73) (14.23)(28.45)(42.68)(71.13)(1 2.60 1 463. 940, 1435. 2401. (6.73) (13.12)(26.61)(40.64)(67.98)(1 2.60 1 502. 1005, 1507. 2512. (6.73) (14.23)(28.45)(42.68)(71.13)(1 2.60 1 463. 940, 1435. 2401. (6.73) (13.12)(26.61)(40.64)(67.98)(STATION	AREA	PLAN	RATIO 1	RATIO 2	RATIO 3	RATIO 4	RATIO 5
1 2.60 1 502. 1005. 1507. 2512. (6.73) (14.23)(28.45)(42.68)(71.13)(1 2.60 1 463. 940, 1435. 2401. (6.73) (13.12)(26.61)(40.64)(67.98)(1 2.60 1 502. 1005, 1507. 2512. (6.73) (14.23)(28.45)(42.68)(71.13)(1 2.60 1 463. 940, 1435. 2401. (6.73) (13.12)(26.61)(40.64)(67.98)(.10	.20	90.	06.	1.00
(6.73) (14.23)(28.45)(42.68)(71.13)(1 2.60 1 463. 940, 1435. 2401. (6.73) (13.12)(26.61)(40.64)(67.98)((6.73) (14.23)(28.45)(42.68)(71.13)(1 2.60 1 463. 940, 1435. 2401. (6.73) (13.12)(26.61)(40.64)(67.98)(A P	-	2.60		502.	1005.	1507.	2512.	5024.
1 463, 940, 1435, 2401. (13.12)(26.61)(40.64)(67.98)(1 463. 940, 1435. 2401. (13.12)(26.61)(40.64)(67.98)(•	6.73)	•	14.23)(
(13.12)(26.61)(40.64)(67.98)((13.12)(26.61)(40.64)(67.98)(2.60		463.	940.	1435.	2401.	4898.
			~	6.73)	~	13.12)(

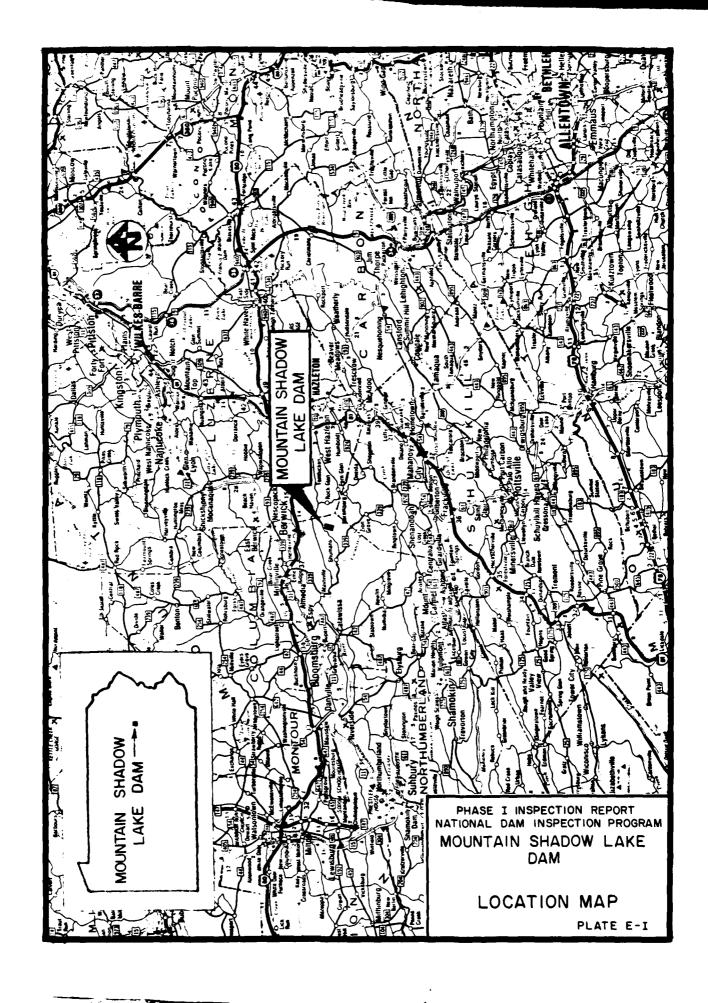
ANALYSIS
SAFETY
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SUMMARY

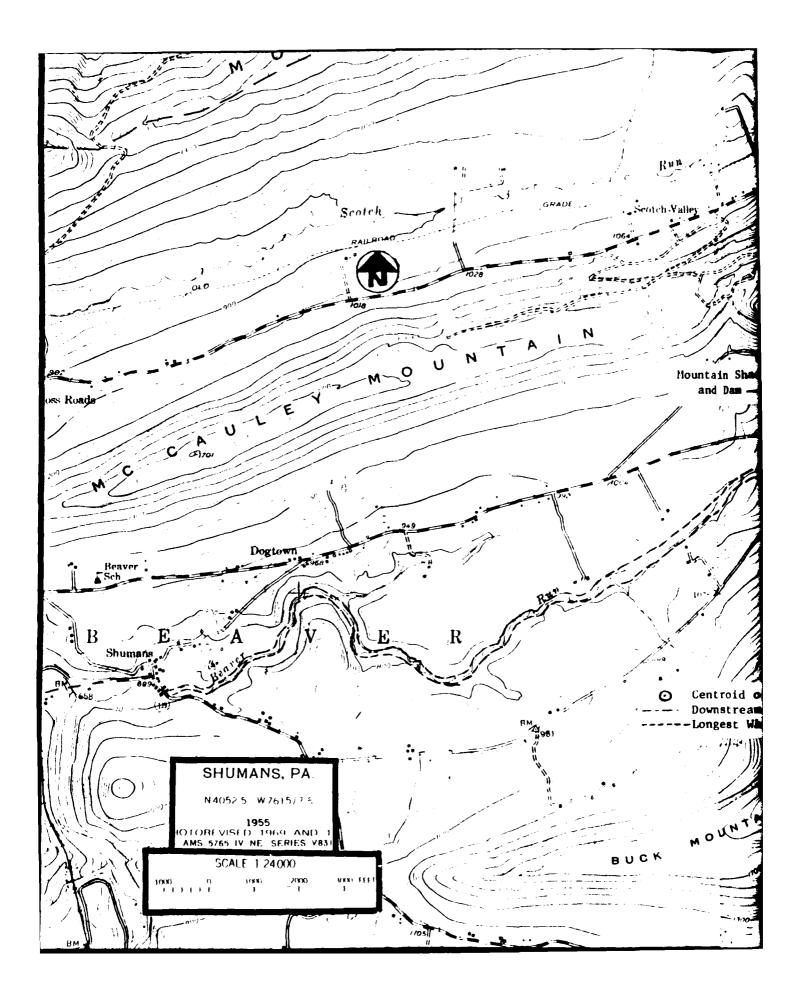
D-19

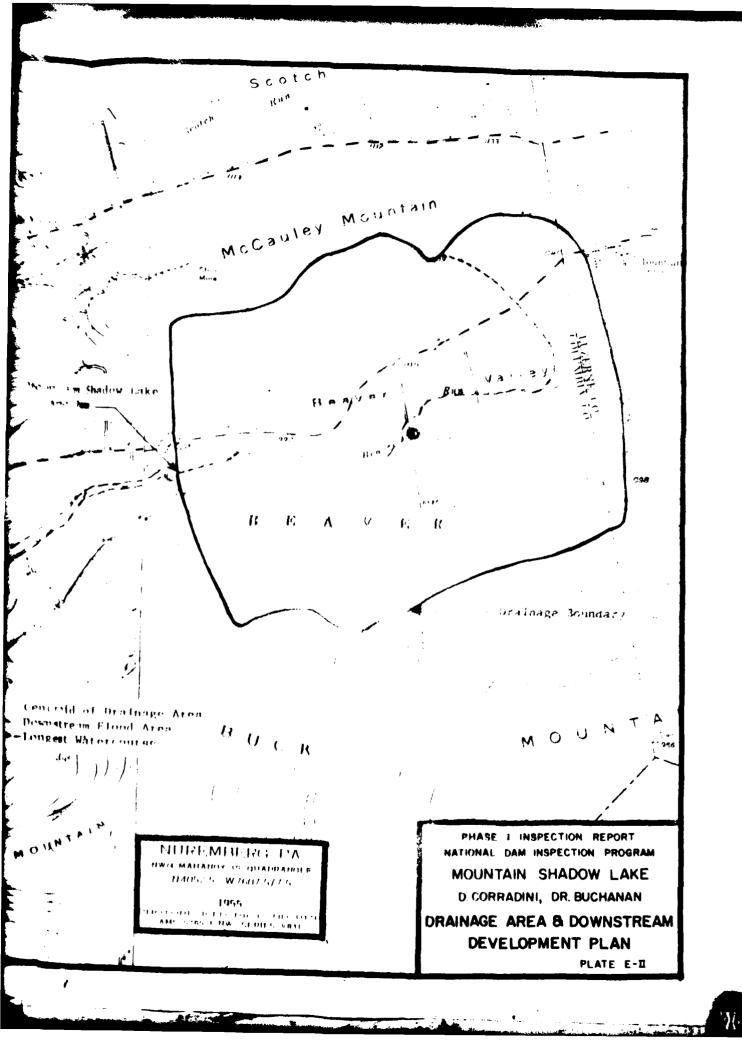
RATIO HAXIMUM MAXIMUM MAXIMUM MAXIMUM MAXIMUM TIME OF TIM	PLAN 1	ELEVATION STORAGE OUTFLOM	INITIAL VALUE 942.00 110. 0.	AL VALUE 42.00 110. 0.	SPILLWAY CREST 942.00 110.		TOP OF DAM 947.00 360. 4250.	
943.22 0.00 155. 463. 0.00 43.33 943.95 0.00 188. 940. 0.00 43.00 944.52 0.00 216. 1435. 0.00 43.00 945.50 0.00 270. 2401. 0.00 43.00 947.34 .34 384. 4896. 2.33 42.67	RAT10 OF PHF	MAXIMUM RESERVOIR W.S.ELEV	MAXIMUM DEPTH OVER DAM	MAXIMUM STORAGE AC-FT	MAXIMUM OUTFLOW CFS	DURATION OVER TOP HOURS	TIME OF MAX OUTFLOW HOURS	TIME OF FAILURE HOURS
943.950.00188.940.0.0043.00944.520.00216.1435.0.0043.00945.500.00270.2401.0.0043.00947.34.34384.4898.2.3342.67	.10	943,22	0.00	155.	463.	0.00	43,33	0.00
944.52 0.00 216. 1435. 0.00 43.00 945.50 0.00 270. 2401. 0.00 43.00 947.34 .34 384. 4898. 2.33 42.67	.20	943.95	0.00	188.	940.	0.00	43.00	0.00
945.50 0.00 270. 2401. 0.00 43.00 947.34 .34 384. 4898. 2.33 42.67	.30	944.52	0.00	216.	1435.	0.00	43.00	%
947.34 .34 384, 4898, 2.33 42.67	08.	945.50	0.00	270.	2401.	0.00	43.00	0.00
	1.00	947.34	.34	384.	4898.	2.33	42.67	0.00

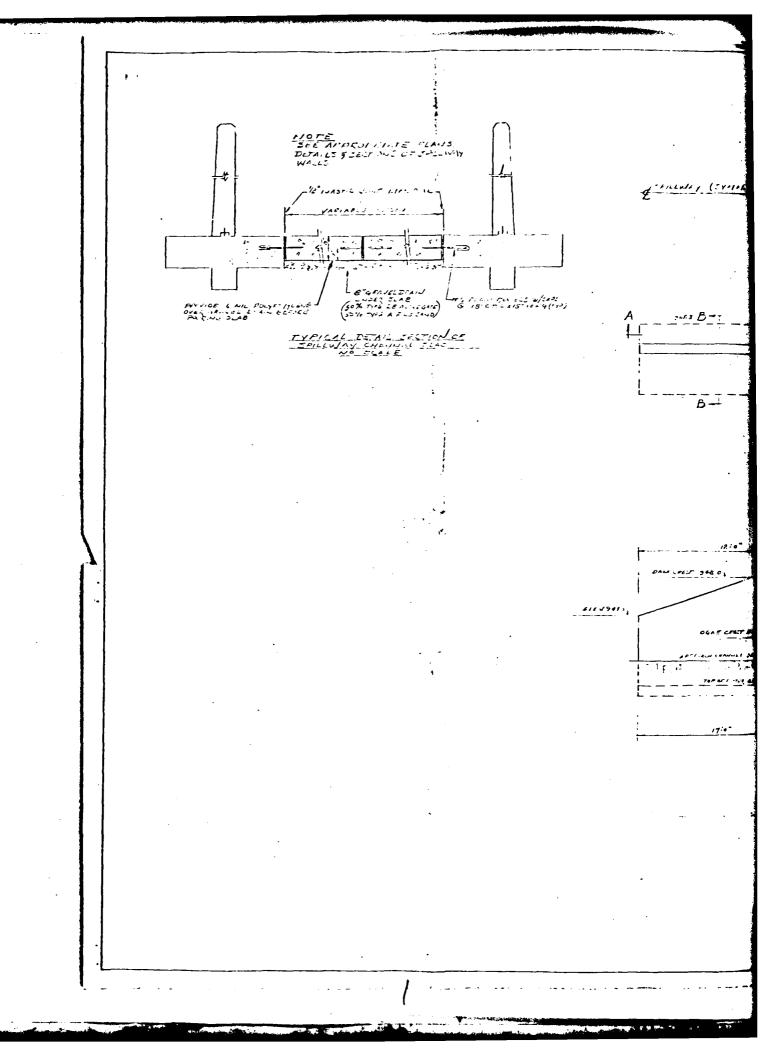
APPENDIX E

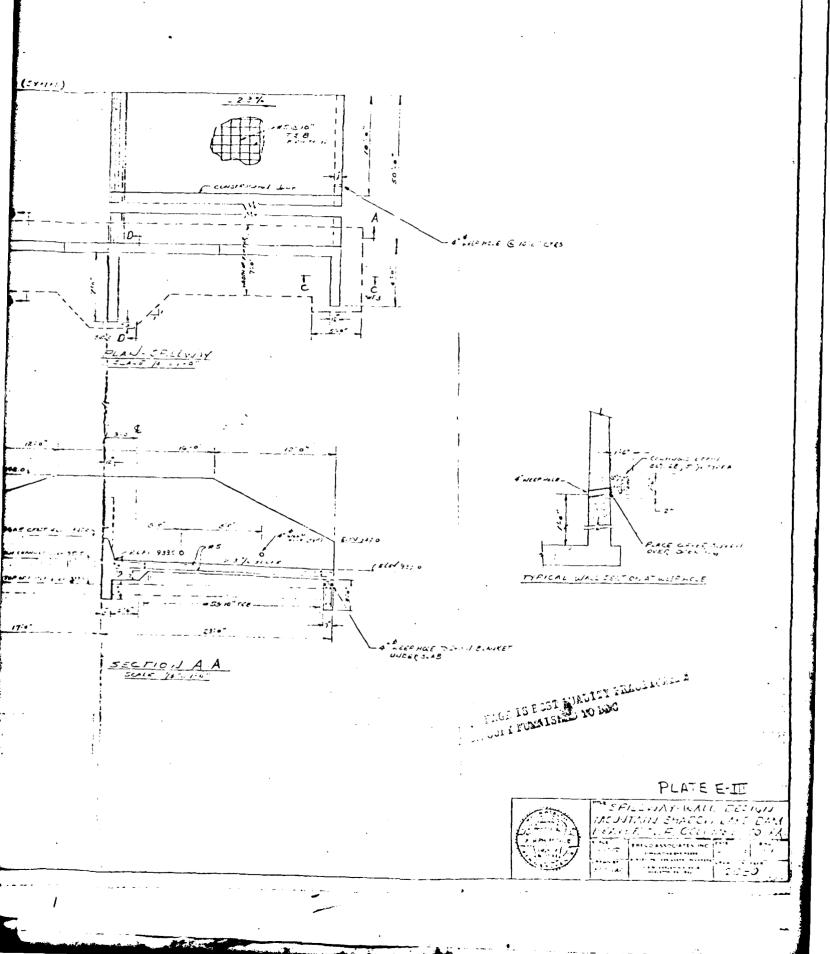
PLATES



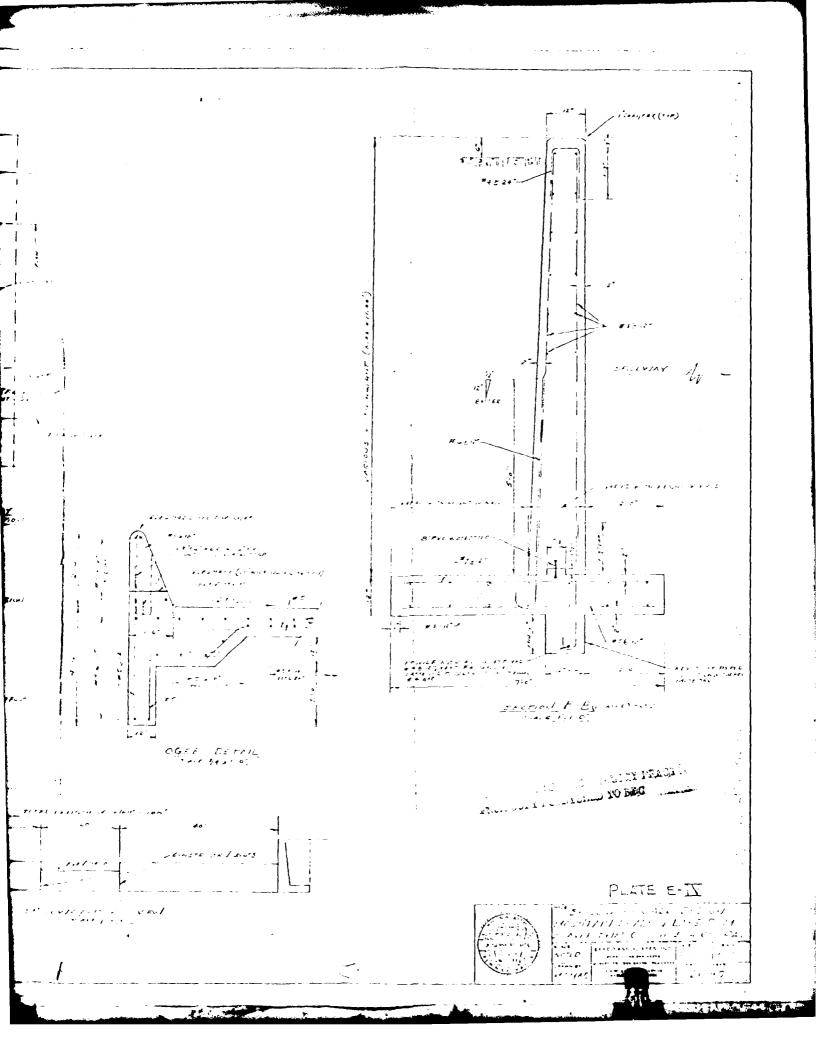




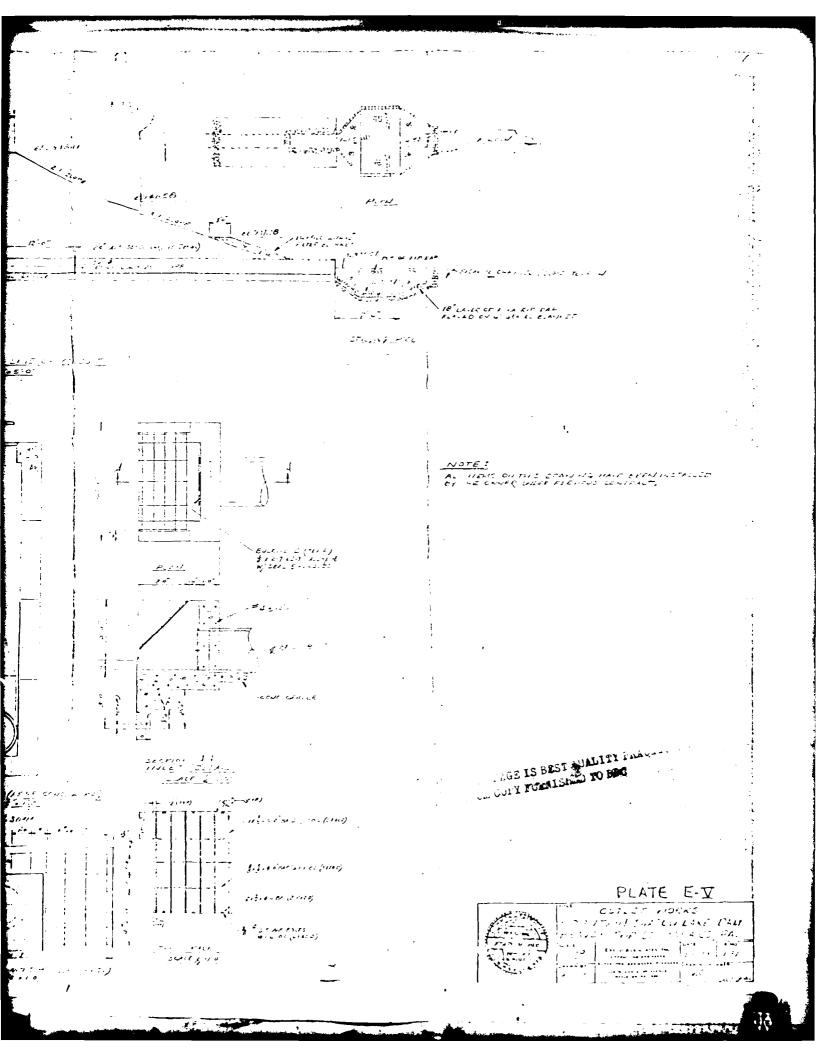




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APPENDIX F

GEOLOGY

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GENERAL GEOLOGY

The site is within the Appalachian Mountain Section of the Valley and Ridge Physiographic Province. It is in a valley caused by the erosion of the weaker Mauch Chunk shales between the sandstones which constitutes the ridges of the valley. The Mauch Chunk shales constitute the bedrock underlying the dam site. The site should contain unconsolidated colluvial material probably exceeding a thickness of 2 meters. Pre-Wisconsinan glacial drift may also exist below the colluvium. The foundation for the dam is of a relatively impervious nature.

LEGEND (Bedrock)

- ¶1 LLEWELLYN FORMATION Gray, fine- to coarse-grained sandstone, siltstone, shale, conglomerate, and numerous anthracite coals in repetitive sequences.
- POTTSVILLE GROUP Gray conglomerate, fine- to coarse-grained sandstone, and siltstone and shale containing minable anthracite coals. Includes three formations. In descending order: Sharp Mountain--conglomerate and conglomerate sandstone; Schuylkill--sandstone and conglomerate sandstone; Tumbling Run--conglomeratic sandstone and sandstone.
- Mmc MAUCH CHUNK FORMATION Grayish-red shale, siltstone, sandstone, and some conglomerate; some local nonred zones. Includes Loyalhanna Member-crossbedded, sandy limestone at base of south-central and southwestern Pennsylvania; also includes Greenbrier Limestone Member and Wymps Gap and Deer Valley Limestones, which are tongues of the Greenbrier. Along Allegheny Front from Blair County to Sullivan County, Loyalhanna Member is greenish-gray, calcareous, crossbedded sandstone.
- Mp POCONO FORMATION Light-gray to buff or light-olive-gray, medium-grained, crossbedded sandstone and minor siltstone, commonly conglomeratic at base and in middle; medial conglomerate, where present, is used to divide into Mount Carbon and Beckville Members; equivalent to Burgoon Sandstone of Allegheny Plateau.
- MDsk SPECHTY KOPF FORMATION Light- to olive-gray, fine- to medium-grained, crossbedded sandstone, siltstone, and local polymictic diamictite, pebbly mudstone, and laminate; sometimes arranged in crude fining-upward cycles; locally has grayish-red shale near top and conglomerate at base and in middle.

